

Strengthening Nonprofit Resilience with Tier 2 Capital

Whether your nonprofit's annual operating budget is \$200,000 or \$200 million, understanding your liquidity needs and the assets available to fund your mission is critical. Most nonprofits regularly talk about working capital—the liquidity needed to meet daily obligations and keep operations running. Increasingly, organizations are also thinking about Tier 2 capital: a second layer of assets set aside for larger expenses.

Unlike rainy-day funds, which typically address minor emergencies or short-term funding delays, Tier 2 capital is more substantial and often serves long-term strategic purposes. It can be used to:

- Fund future projects or mission-related initiatives
- Meet known grant disbursements
- Invest in facilities or equipment needs
- Reduce debt to strengthen financial sustainability
- Restore reserves in the event of a financial crisis

The term “Tier 2” comes from the banking sector, where it represents capital held to absorb losses and meet regulatory requirements. For nonprofits, the concept plays a similar role — ensuring resources are available to withstand challenges, offset missed revenue, and support growth. Post-pandemic, many organizations have expanded their Tier 2 investment portfolios as a way to navigate funding uncertainty and position themselves for the future.

Why Build Tier 2 Capital?

The reasons for establishing a Tier 2 capital pool vary by organization. Identifying your “why” is the essential first step. A clearly defined purpose not only guides investment and allocation decisions but also helps communicate the value of Tier 2 capital to key stakeholders.

Well-structured Tier 2 investment portfolios can provide:

- A financial cushion if working capital is depleted
- Evidence of strength and stability for donors, grantors, and partners
- Flexibility to respond to opportunities without jeopardizing core operations
- Support for facilities, expansion, or other mission-driven initiatives

Managing Tier 2 Investments

The next step is to consider time horizon and risk tolerance. Unlike long-term endowments, Tier 2 capital is often intended for use within a shorter timeframe, which means capital preservation and modest growth are usually prioritized.

Key considerations include:

- Time Horizon: How long can the assets remain invested before they are needed?
- Risk Tolerance: What level of risk is appropriate given the organization's financial position and future plans?



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- Liquidity Needs: How much flexibility is required to access the funds?

Many organizations choose diversified portfolios of lower-risk assets, such as laddered bond portfolios or U.S. Treasuries, while others may blend multiple investment vehicles depending on objectives and timing.

Insights from Nonprofit Leaders

We recently connected with two Goelzer clients and asked them to share their thoughts on how they think about Tier 2 capital.

Alice Susemichel, CEO of the Brown County Community Foundation (BCCF) offered these thoughts on the value of their Tier 2 investment pool and how it helps the community foundation managing passthrough funds and meet the current needs of the community.

“In a small, rural county, the needs can be both urgent and diverse—including education, affordable housing, health and wellness and environmental stewardship. Opportunities to make a meaningful impact often arise unexpectedly, requiring quick access to capital. Some of these opportunities are driven by grantors while others are decisions made by fund advisors of non-permanent/passthrough funds.

To meet these moments, the Brown County Community Foundation created a Tier 2 investment pool—a separate fund from the main long-term investment portfolio. Unlike operating reserves or rainy-day funds, these assets are strategically set aside for unique purposes, allowing the foundation to be nimble and responsive. By managing these funds differently, the foundation can pursue collaborative projects, invest in innovative solutions, and address community challenges as they emerge—all while maintaining the stability of the primary endowment.

Strategically, our Tier 2 investment pool helps our foundation balance mission and stewardship, offering flexibility to act quickly without disrupting the long-term growth of our

core investment pool. This approach reflects a forward-thinking commitment to managing capital efficiently while staying ready to seize opportunities that can transform and realize our vision of a thriving community.”

Jennifer Gallagher, CFO of the United Way of Central Indiana, offered these thoughts:

“The Tier 2 investment structure is a smart, forward-looking approach that aligns projected cash flow for expenditures with multi-year grant funding, ensuring resources are available when they’re most needed. It maximizes the earning potential of funds while providing money managers with clear timelines and dollar thresholds, reducing ambiguity and strengthening accountability. With its efficient annual review and reset, this structure simplifies oversight for investment committees and boards, making disbursement decisions and timing far more transparent and strategic.”

As suggested by both of these leaders, a strong understanding of your organization’s liquidity needs helps as you think about Tier 2 capital. Further, strategically thinking about a complete well-managed capital structure including daily liquid assets, Tier 2 capital, and long-term asset pools will help your organization to effectively plan for the future and be prepared for the unexpected.

A Complete Capital Structure

As these examples show, Tier 2 capital strengthens a nonprofit’s ability to plan strategically and respond effectively. By thoughtfully managing all layers of capital—daily liquidity, Tier 2 reserves, and long-term investments—organizations can build resilience, maintain stability, and seize opportunities that advance their mission.

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